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BW/UM/TW

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MERCANTILE INVESTMENTS & FINANCE PLC

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Mercantile Investments & Finance PLC ("The Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020. and the statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and, cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Company give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by CA Sri Lanka (Code of Ethics) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstater statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key Audit Matter

receivable & Hire Purchase receivables

We considered the impairment allowance for Loans &receivables, Lease receivable & Hire Purchase receivables as a key audit matter. Significant judgments and assumptions were used by the management to determine the impairment allowance and complex calculations were involved in its estimation. Probable impacts of COVID -19 outbreak on the economically impacted customers and related government relief measures on the key assumptions, the higher level of estimation uncertainty involved, and materiality of the amounts reported in the Company's financial underpinned our basis for considering it as a

As at 31 March 2020, Loans & receivables, Lease receivable & Hire Purchase receivables net of impairment amounted to Rs.33 Bn. These collectively contributed 76% to the Company's total assets.

The Note 10 of the financial statements describes the basis of impairment allowance and assumptions used by

Revaluation of Land & Buildings:

As of 31 March 2020, the Company carried freehold land and buildings at fair value amounting to Rs.1.7 Bn and Rs 512 Mn respectively, of which Rs.301 million has been recognized through OCI.

Fair value was determined by an external valuer engaged by the Company. The valuation was significant to our audit due to the use of estimates in the valuation techniques, and valuation is judgmental and is based on certain key assumptions. Given the significance of assumptions associated with the valuation of these assets we have considered the valuation of freehold land and building as a key audit matter.

Refer note 31.4 to the financial statements for significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions related to valuation of freehold land and buildings.

Management's use of significant judgements relating to the impacts of the evolving COVID-19 pandemic on the Company Management has assessed the impact of the evolving COVID-19 pandemic on its business and financial

statements of the Company as disclosed in Note (refer to

We considered such management's assessment in the wake of the evolving COVID-19 pandemic as a key audit matter, since it involved the use of significant management judgments and estimates considering future events, circumstances and impacts on cash flows based on available information.

The nature of the significant assumptions involved are disclosed in Note (refer to COVID-19 impact note 53) to

How our audit addressed the matter

We designed our audit procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on the reasonableness of the impairment allowance, these included the following procedures:

- We evaluated the design effectiveness of controls over impairment allowance, in the light of the requirements in SLFRS 9, focusing on the oversight, review and approval of impairment policies by the board audit committee and management.
- We evaluated the model used to calculate impairment allowance to assess its appropriateness.
- $\bullet \ \text{We assessed the completeness and relevance of the underlying information used in the impairment } \\$ calculations by agreeing details to source documents and information in IT systems; Our assessment included evaluating whether the underlying historical information was up to the reporting date.
- We rechecked the underlying calculations.
- We also considered the reasonableness of macro-economic factors used by comparing them with publicly available data and information sources. Our considerations included assessing the appropriateness of the weightages assigned to possible economic scenarios.
- We assessed the adequacy of the related financial statement disclosures as set out in note(s), 23 -25 of the

Our procedures amongst others included the following specific procedures;

- We have assessed the objectivity, competence and capabilities of the external valuer appointed by the
- We checked the valuation report to obtain an understanding of the work done by the valuer and evaluated the appropriateness as audit evidence for the recorded valuation of freehold land and buildings in the financial statements
- We engaged internal specialists to evaluate the appropriateness of the valuation method and price range per perch with market data and other key assumptions applied by the external valuer in appraising the value
- $\bullet \ \text{tln addition, we evaluated the overall appropriateness of the related financial statement disclosures in note } \\$

Our audit procedures included the following;

- We gained an understanding of significant judgements used by the management related to the impact of t he COVID-19 pandemic on the business of the Company.
- We obtained an understanding of the procedures adopted by the management to manage and mitigate the prevailing business interruption which are disclosed in (refer to COVID-19 impact note)
- We evaluated the sensitivity of the projected available funding by considering assumed scenarios together
- We inspected the facility agreements for the Company's interest-bearing loans and assessed the Company's compliance with the covenants in understanding the availability of adequate funding.
- \bullet We reviewed the adequacy of the disclosures made in Notes (refer to the judgements, COVID -19 impact and risk management note) in the financial statements

Other information included in the 2020 Annual Report

ponsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Company's 2020 annual report is expected to be made available to us after the

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal

control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic

decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements As part of an audit in accordance with SLAuSs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to

- those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstater from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Company.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management • Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
- uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinic We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including

any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with ethical requirements in accordance with the Code of Ethics regarding

independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 163 (2) of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007, we have obtained all the information and explanations that were required for the audit and, as far as appears from our examination, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company

CA Sri Lanka membership number of the engagement partner responsible for signing this independent auditor's report is 2440.

Partners: W. R. H. Fernando FCA FCMA | R. N. de Saram ACA FCMA | Ms. N. A. De Silva FCA | Ms. Y. A. De Silva FCA | W. R. H. De Silva ACA ACMA W.K. B. S. P. Fernando FCA FCMA | Ms. K. R. M. Fernando FCA ACMA | Ms. L. K. H. L. Fonseka FCA | A. P. A. Gunasekara FCA FCMA | A. Herath FCA | D. K. Hulangamuwa FCA FCMA LLB (Lond.) | H. M. A. Jayesinghe FCA FCMA | Ms. A. A. Ludowyke FCA FCMA | Ms. G. G. S. Manatunga FCA | Ms. P.V. K. N. Sajeewani FCA | N. M. Sulaiman ACA ACMA | B. E. Wijesuriya FCA FCMA

G. B. Goudian ACMA | A. A. J. R. Perera ACA ACMA | T. P. M. Ruberu FCMA FCCA

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIV	EINCOME	
For the year ended 31st March	2020 Rs. '000	2019 Rs. '000
Gross income	7,610,170	7,638,497
Interest income	7,475,320	7,436,054
Interest expenses	(3,842,380)	(3,861,878)
Net interest income Fee and commission income	3,632,941 82,943	3,574,176 94,955
Net Fee and Commission Income	82,943	94,955
Other operating income	51,906	107,488
Total Operating Income	3,767,790	3,776,619
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and receivables and equity investments	(484,009)	(681,648)
Net Operating Income	3,283,780	3,094,971
Less: Operating Expenses		
Personnel expenses Depreciation and amortization	(989,859)	(923,352)
Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses	(144,478) (1,013,253)	(99,494) (962,135)
Total operating expenses	(2,147,590)	(1,984,982)
Operating Profit /(Loss) Before Value Added Tax, DRL and NBT		
on Financial Services	1,136,190	1,109,988
Value Added Tax , NBT & DRL on financial services	(460,859)	(403,059)
Operating Profit /(Loss) After Value Added Tax, DRL and NBT on Financial Services	675 221	706.030
Add: Share of associate company's profit	675,331 16,459	706,929 79,724
Profit Before Taxation from operations	691,791	786,653
Less: Income tax expenses	(320,082)	(328,580)
Profit for the year	371,708	458,073
Other comprehensive Income/ (Expenses)		
Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		
Changes in fair value of financial investments through OCI	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) to be reclassified to		
profit or loss in subsequent periods Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) not to be reclassified to	=	-
profit or loss in subsequent periods		
Changes in fair value of financial investments through OCI	(251,709)	(276,015)
Net change in revaluation surplus Differed tax effect on revaluations surplus on Land & Building	301,201	-
Share of other comprehensive income of associates (net of tax)	(84,336) (15,815)	196.285
Actuarial gain/(loss) on retairment benifit obligation	22,339	(24,304)
Differed tax effect on Actuarial Gain	(13,104)	10,752
Net Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(41,423)	(93,282)
Other Comprehensive Income/ (Expenses) for the year (net of tax)	(41,423)	(93,282)
Total comprehensive income/ (Expenses) for the year (net of tax)	330,285	364,791
Earnings Per Share	122.66	152.22
Basic earnings per share (Rs.) Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	123.66 123.66	152.39 152.39
Dividend per ordinary Share (Rs.)	20.00	152.59

Figures in brackets indicate deductions

As at 31st March	2020 Rs. '000	2019 Rs. '000
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	1.012.005	1 106 22
Cash and Cash equivalents Placement with banks at Amortized cost	1,813,985 282,359	1,196,226 241,376
Financial investments - at Fair Value through OCI	2,682,898	2,863,058
Loans and receivables at Amortized Cost	17,407,591	15,913,28
Finance leases receivables at Amortized Cost	13,746,155	12,722,87
Hire purchase receivables at Amortized Cost	1,605,426	3,308,31
Financial investments - at Fair Value through OCI (unquoted)	70,427	70,42
Other financial assets	438,638	499,59
Inventories	9,540	23,23
Other assets	45,984	23,23 96,74
Ourrent tax refunds	146,042	90,74
Investment in associates	1,260,144	1,267,43
Investment property	246,166	1,207,430
Property, plant and equipment	3,105,781	2,848,15
Right-of-use assets	223,255	2,040,13
kignt-or-use assets Leasehold property	· ·	41,20
Intangible assets	40,739 45,987	41,20 64,21
Total Assets		
Total Assets	43,171,119	41,354,567
Liabilities		
Bank overdraft	86,567	186,276
Deposits due to customers at Amortized Cost	22,814,923	21,176,43
Debt instruments issued and other borrowings at Amortized Cost	9,128,983	8,957,47
Other financial liabilities Current tax liabilities	855,247	955,24
Deferred tax liabilities	807,835	290,33 830,95
Other liabilities	54,859	46,87
Retirement benefit obligations	254,385	238,11
Lease Liability	269,986	230,112
Total liabilities	34,272,786	32,681,70
Shareholders' funds		
Stated capital	36,000	36,00
Revaluation reserve	2,325,585	2,124,53
Statutory reserve fund	761,400	736,40
General reserves	4,086,430	4,086,43
Retained earnings	2,016,150	1,765,02
Fair Value through OCI reserve	(327,238)	(75,529
Total shareholders' funds	8,898,327	8,672,86
Total liabilities and shareholders' funds	43,171,119	41,354,56

Certification I certify that these financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007.

Deva Anthony Chief Financial Officer

Net assets per share (Rs.)

The Board of Directors is responsible for these Financial Statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 26th June 2020. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements. Signed for and on behalf of the Board by;

Gerard G. Ondaatjie Managing Director

SELECTED PERFORMANCE INDICATORS				
As at 31st March	2020	2019		
Regulatory Capital Adequacy Core Capital (Tier 1 Capital), Rs '000 Total Capital Base, Rs '000 Core capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets (Minimum 2020 - 6.5% / 2019 - 6%) Total capital adequacy ratio, as % of risk weighted assets (Minimum 2020 - 10.5% / 2019 - 10%) Capital funds to total deposits liability ratio (Minimum requirement, 10%)	5,944,032 6,682,681 13.56% 15.25% 37.98%	6,467,552 7,203,938 14.98% 16.69% 40.96%		
Asset Quality (Quality of Loan Portfolio) Gross Non-Performing accomodations , Rs. '000 Gross Non-Performing accomodations Ratio, % Net Non-Performing Accomodations Ratio, %	4,152,962 11.69 3.22	3,290,483 9.62 2.99		
Profitability (%) Interest Margin Return on assets (before Tax) Return on equity (after Tax)	9.85 2.07 4.18	10.04 2.44 5.28		
Regulatory Liquidity (Rs. '000) Required minimum amount of liquid assets Available amount of liquid assets Required minimum amount of Government securities Available amount of Government securities	1,378,630 3,725,730 1,043,805 1,697,557	2,121,837 3,129,049 1,485,822 1,691,903		
Memorandum Information Number of employees Number of branches Number of service centers	1115 39 -	1040 32 7		

Certification

We, the undersigned, being the Managing Director and the Finance Director of Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC certify jointly that; (A) the above statements have been prepared in compliance with the format and definitions prescribed by the Central Bank of Sri lanka; (B) the information contained in these statements have been extracted from the audited financial statements of the companay

